

## P R O B L È M E S

T. PRZYMUSIŃSKI (WARSZAWA)

**P 984** et **P 985**. Formulés dans la communication *Collectionwise Hausdorff property in product spaces*.

Ce fascicule, p. 56.

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T. MAĆKOWIAK (WROCLAW)

**P 986**. Formulé dans la communication *On sets of confluent and related mappings in the space  $Y^X$* .

Ce fascicule, p. 75.

**P 986, R 1**. The author has informed us that the solution is positive <sup>(1)</sup>.

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<sup>(1)</sup> T. Maćkowiak, *Continuous mappings on continua*, Dissertationes Mathematicae (submitted).

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A. LELEK (DETROIT, MICHIGAN)

**P 987**. Formulé dans la communication *Arcwise connected and locally arcwise connected sets*.

Ce fascicule, p. 95.

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FRANK HARARY AND RONALD H. ROSEN (ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN)

**P 988**. Formulé dans la communication *On the planarity of 2-complexes*.

Ce fascicule, p. 107.

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S. HARTMAN (WROCLAW)

**P 989**. Let  $E = (t_n)$  be a decreasing sequence of real numbers,  $t_n \rightarrow 0$ , and  $K \subset (-\infty, 0]$  a compact set  $E$  such that, for every  $\varepsilon > 0$ , the set  $K \cap (-\varepsilon, 0)$  has a positive Lebesgue measure. Can it happen that every continuous function on  $E$  vanishing at 0 may be extended to a Fourier transform vanishing on  $K$ ? If the answer is positive, will it be such even if one assumes that the left metric density of  $K$  at 0 is positive or equal to 1?

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